

TSX.V: UGD FSE: UGB1 CORPORATE PRESENTATION | CANADA



# **Forward Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained in this presentation, including statements regarding events and financial trends that may affect our future operating results, financial position and cash flows, may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements are based on our assumptions and estimates and are subject to risk and uncertainties.

You can identify these forward-looking statements by the use of words like "strategy", "expects", "plans", "believes", "will", "estimates", "intends", "projects", "goals", "targets", and other words of similar meaning. You can also identify them by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. We wish to caution you that such statements contained are just predictions or opinions and that actual events or results may differ materially.

The forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to update the forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Where applicable, we claim the protection of the safe harbour for forward-looking statements provided by the (United States) Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

For more information, please visit <a href="https://unigoldinc.com/profile/forward-looking-statement/">https://unigoldinc.com/profile/forward-looking-statement/</a>

Core drilling has been done primarily with NQ. Samples have been logged, split by wet diamond saw, and half sent for assaying with the other half stored on site. Sample lengths typically average 1 m but vary by geological boundaries. QA/QC includes inserting certified standards and blanks into the sample stream at industry standard intervals. Samples have been prepped by Bureau Veritas Labs in the Dominican Republic, with assaying performed through Bureau Veritas' laboratory in Vancouver, Canada (ISO 17025). Analytical procedures include a 35-element ICP-ES analysis (MA-300) and a 50 g FA AA finish for gold (FA450). Joseph Hamilton, P.Geo., CEO, and a Qualified Person under National Instrument 43-101, has reviewed and approved the contents of this presentation.

## WHY INVEST IN UNIGOLD



### **OXIDE PROJECT**

Low CapEx
(US\$36MM), low
impact, fast
recoveries, quick
build (12 months
estimated) low AISC
(US\$829)



### **PERMITTING**

Application for an
Exploitation
Concession is in final
stages of review by
Dominican
Government



### **SULPHIDE PROJECT**

1.1 million ounce M&I plus 1.1 Million ounce Inferred Resource provides possible expansion and mine-life extensions



### PATH TO PRODUCTION

Feasibility on standalone oxide project complete. Project shows 44% after-tax IRR at US\$1650 gold (125% IRR at current gold prices)

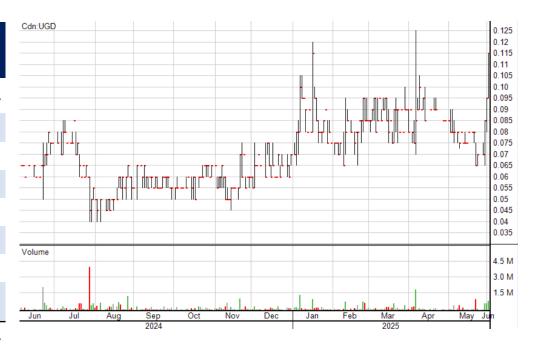


# HIGHER GRADE MINERALIZATION

Approximately 700,000 oz of sulphide resources average over 4 g/t

# **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at May 31, 2025	
TSX.V: UGD	
Shares Outstanding	279,752,644
Warrants (June 2025, avg \$0.30)	16,629,167
Warrants (December 2025, avg \$0.30)	53,433,675
Warrants (May 2028, avg \$0.12)	1,555,937
Warrants (June 2028, avg \$0.12)	7,778,124
Warrants (Feb 2029, avg. \$0.12)	1,832,187
Warrants (May 2029, avg \$0.12)	916,250
Options (avg life 3.2 years, avg strike <u>C</u> \$0.18)	6,900,000
Shares Fully Diluted	368,797,984



### **Shareholders**

Eric Sprott (undiluted)	8%
Phoenix Gold Fund	4%
Officers and Directors	12%

# **LOCATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE**



The Neita Fase II concession has been split into 2 pieces:

- Neita Norte exploration
- Neita Sur exploitation

Closest port is at Monte Cristi, (80 km north) or Puerto Plata (190 km northeast)

Closest international airport is at Puerto Plata or Santiago (160 km east)

Properties are accessed by paved roads

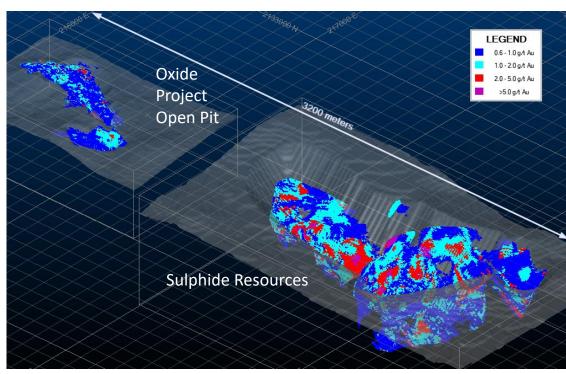
## **SULPHIDE DEPOSIT**

The Sulphide Resources represent an opportunity to significantly extend the operations at Candelones.

The Candelones Extension deposit is to the east of the stand-alone oxide project area.

Significant high-grade intercepts were encountered during drilling in 2020 and 2021.

The final holes of the 2021 drilling campaign discovered a new high-grade zone between the oxide project and the 2-million ounce sulphide resources



# **OXIDE TARGET**

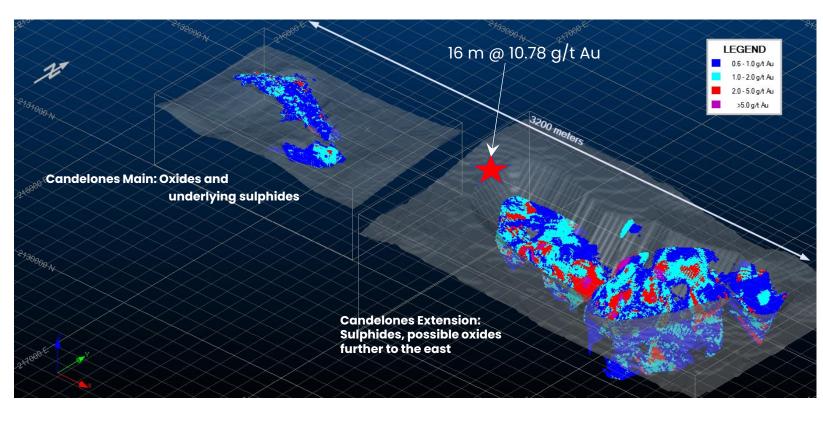
# **Candelones Hill Looking South**



# **CANDELONES DEPOSIT**

There are two distinct projects at Candelones:

- Oxides at surface
- Sulphides to the east



## **CANDELONES SULPHIDE DEPOSIT**

Significant Intersections from drilling 2016-2021

### **Target A**

- 30.0 m @9.02 g/t Au, 0.6% Cu
- 34.9 m @ 6.19 g/t Au, 0.6% Cu
- 34.0 m @ 4.15 g/t Au, 0.4% Cu
- 22 m @ 6.93 g/t Au, 0.6% Cu
- 21.2 m @ 6.0 g/t Au, 0.9% Cu
- 24 m @ 4.59 g/t Au, 0.54% Cu
- 23.7 m @ 6.03 g/t AU, 0.31% Cu
- 25 m @ 5.67 g/t Au, 0.4% Cu
- 17 m @ 7.31 g/t Au, 1.22% Cu
- 15.7 m @ 7.45 q/t Au, 1.1% Cu
- 15.3 m @ 5.75 g/t Au, 0.52% Cu
- 12 m @ 6.95 g/t Au, 0.86% Cu
- 9.0 m @ 4.81 g/t Au, 0.7% Cu
- 9.0 m @ 11.9 g/t Au, 2.0% Cu
- 6 m @ 6.05 g/t Au, 0.8% Cu
- 5.7 m @ 5.07 g/t Au, 2.5% Cu
- 5.7 m @ 12.1 g/t Au, 1.2% Cu

### **Target B**

- 7.0m @ 21.9 g/t Au, 2.7% Cu
- 15 m @ 16.36 g/t Au, 2.6% Cu
- 2 m @ 19.62 g/t Au
- 24.4 m @ 3.2 g/t Au, 14 g/t Ag,
- 24 m @ 4.59 g/t Au, 0.54% Cu
- 22m @ 5.67 q/t Au
- 23.7 m @ 6.03 g/t Au, 0.31% Cu
- 16.60 m @ 3.37 g/t Au, 12.96 g/t Ag, 0.30% Cu, 2.13% Zn

### 2021 Final drillhole - LP204

- 16.0 m @ 10.78 g/t Au, 68.9 g/t Ag
   within 97.0 m @ 2.52 g/t Au, 12.1 g/t Ag
- 5.0 m @ 5.89 g/t Au, 2.2 g/t Ag within a 30.0 m @ 2.31 g/t Au, 2.29 g/t Ag

Located outside of the resource envelope

### **Target C**

- 18.5 m @ 10.18 g/t Au, 1.52% Zn
- 15.8 m @ 11.36 g/t Au, 0.4% Cu
- 12 m @ 9.7 g/t Au, 7 g/t Ag, and 1.6% Zn
- 10.5 m @ 12.94 g/t Au, 15.6 g/t Ag,
- 10 m @ 6.71 g/t Au, 0.7% Cu
- 9.5 m @ 14.4 g/t Au, 46.6 g/t Ag, 1.5% Zn
- 9.0 m @ 16.48 g/t Au, 57.7 g/t Ag, 0.8% Zn
- 8 m @ 6.30 g/t Au, 17 g/t Ag
- 7 m @ 8.86 g/t Au, 37 g/t Ag
- 4.6 m @ 3.4 g/t Au, 56 g/t Ag, and 0.9% Zn
- 4 m @ 9.67 g/t Au, 0.1% Cu
- 4 m @ 10.1 g/t Au, 21 g/t Ag, and 2.4% Zn
- 3.3 m @ 5.06 g/t Au, 90 g/t Ag
- 3 m @ 10.7 g/t Au, 2.1% Cu

Drilling was suspended in late 2021 when the application to convert to an Exploitation Concession was submitted

# May 2021 Sulphide Mineral Resource Estimate

Mining Method	Category	Tonnes (x1,000)	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Cu %	Au oz (x1,000)	Ag oz (x1,000)	Cu lb (x1,000)
	Measured	6,280	1.90	3.28	0.18	383	662	25,042
Pit Constrained	Indicated	13,098	1.40	4.18	0.12	591	1,762	34,201
	Inferred	23,042	1.36	2.59	0.09	1,005	1,916	43,229
	Measured	759	2.65	1.88	0.29	65	46	4,836
Below Pit	Indicated	348	2.35	2.32	0.22	26	26	1,652
	Inferred	755	2.38	2.31	0.16	58	56	2,649
Total Measured and India	cated	20,484	1.62	3.79	0.15	1,065	2,497	65,731
Total Inferred		23,797	1.39	2.58	0.09	1,063	1,972	45,878

# October 2022 Oxide Reserve Estimate (US\$1650)

Deposit	Mining Method	Mineralization Type	Category	cog	Tonnes (x1,000)	Au g/t	Au oz (x1,000	Strip Rati o
		ОВ	<b>Proven</b> 0		-	-	-	
		Oxide		0.208	2,564	0.79	65	
		Transition		0.208	-	ı	ı	
		Total Proven			2,564	0.79	65	
Oxides	Open Pit	ОВ	Probable 0.		-	ı	ı	0.4
		Oxide		<b>bable</b> 0.337	2,384	0.57	43	
		Transition		0.337	649	0.62	13	
		Total Probable			3,033	0.58	56	
		Total Proven + Probable			5,597	0.67	121	

These are the portion of the M&I **OXIDE** Resources that fall within an engineered and fully designed pit (roads, safety berms)

93% of M&I resources included within this pit design

See the Appendix of this presentation for the complete disclosure regarding this Oxide Reserve Estimate with accompanying notes

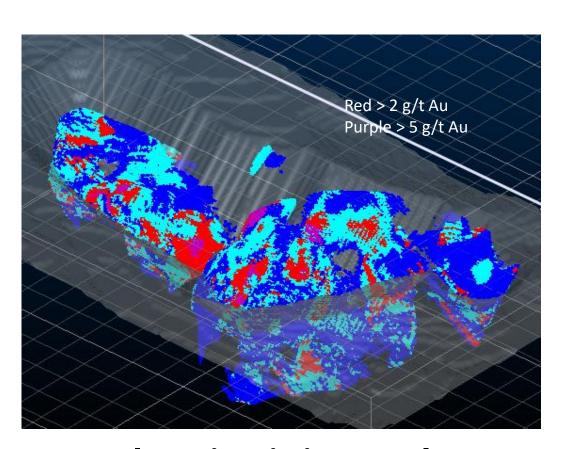
# Oxide Project Financial Projections

Total gold produced (oz)	102,970
Average Gold recovery (%)	85%
Average annual gold produced (oz)	31,426
Total initial Capex (US\$)	\$35.9 million
Total operating cost per tonne treated (US\$/t)	\$14.17
All-in Sustaining Cost (US\$/oz)	\$829
Feasibility Pre-tax Cashflow @ US\$1650/oz (US\$)	\$91 million
Feasibility After-tax Cashflow @ US\$1650/oz (US\$)	\$82 million
IRR @ US\$1650/oz	44%

At US\$2750/oz gold, project shows After-Tax 5% NPV of US\$97 million, IRR 113%, payback 0.8 years using Feasibility Capital and Operating Cost assumptions

# **Candelones Sulphide Resource**

- Resource modelling and estimate completed in 2021
- Two possible development scenarios:
  - Open Pit to recover ~ 1.6 million ounces (closed off)
  - Underground to recover ~ 550,000 to 1 million ounces (expandable)
- Deeper drilling, and drilling to the north-east and West may expand the available resource
- Final drilling in 2021 before the suspension of work permits showed a new zone to the west.



**Exploration is incomplete.** 

# Sulphide Project Potential – Economic Studies to be Completed by year-end 2025

Total gold produced (oz)	1,075,000
Average Gold recovery (%)	95%
Average annual gold produced (oz)	125,000
Total initial Capex (US\$)	\$250 million
Total operating cost per tonne treated (US\$/t)	\$140
All-in Sustaining Cost (US\$/oz)	\$1200

- Candelones Sulphide Deposits do not have a completed economic study work was suspended in 2021 by Mining Directorate and MIMREM
- Independent consultants have recommended further drilling that targets the highgrade mineralization
- A preliminary economic assessment should be completed that uses recent gold prices to assess both open-pit and underground mining scenarios
- It is likely that the sulphides will be developed using a combination of starter pit and underground techniques
- The underground resources are not constrained they can be expanded to the east, west and deeper with more drilling

# 2025 Objectives

## **Convert Neita Sur into an Exploitation Concession**

- gives the Company a 75-year tenure and the sole right to extract minerals from the 9,990 Ha area
- Fixes the fiscal treatment for 25 years

### **Commence ESIA**

 ESIA will commence once the Terms of Reference are approved by the Ministry of the Environment (12 month estimated time to completion)

# Commence drilling to expand Sulphide Resource

- Follow up on 2021 high grade intercepts
- Extend other zones below 400 m depth

## **NEITA NORTE CONCESSION**

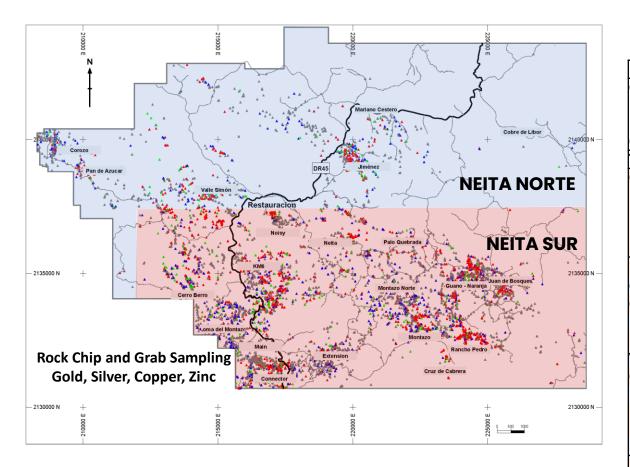
## 2024 option Agreement with Barrick

Unigold granted Barrick the exclusive option to acquire a 60% undivided interest in the Neita Norte Exploration Concession:

- 1. US\$2.5 million minimum expenditures over the first three years,
- 2. US\$8 million minimum expenditures over six years,
- 3. Deliver a PEA within the first six years,
- 4. US\$12 million minimum expenditures over eight years, and
- 5. Delivering a Pre-Feasibility Study.

Once Barrick earns 60%, they have the option to go up to 80% by delivering a Feasibility Study by the end of year 12.

Thereafter, Unigold can elect to fund 20% of development costs or convert to a 2.5% NSR royalty at any time



### **Drilling to Date**

Target	#	metres				
Candelones						
Main	184	29,544				
Extension	163	61,724				
Connector	65	8,449				
Total	412	99,718				
Guano	14	2,682				
Naranja	2	210				
Montazo	19	4,750				
Rancho Pedro	23	6,091				
Juan del Bosque	22	4,404				
Noisy	10	1,690				
Corozo	10	1,880				
Cruz de Cabrera	1	112				
Mariano Cestero	4	1,061				
Palo Quemado	1	176				
Valle Simon	1	185				
Gina Mocha	1	298				
Pan de Azucar	2	388				
Loma de						
Montazo	7	1,974				
Jimenez	4	1,045				
Kilometro 6	5	1,229				
Other	126	28,172				
Total	538	127,890				

# Appendices and Notes

### Notes relating to Sulphide Mineral Resource Estimate

- Mineral resources were estimated by Mr. W. Lewis, P.Geo. and Mr. A. San Martin, MAusIMM(CP) of Micon International Limited. ("Micon"), a Toronto based consulting company, independent of Unigold. Both Mr. Lewis and Mr. San Martin meet the requirements of a "Qualified Person" as established by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (May 2014) ("the CIM Standards"). The mineral resource estimate has an effective date of May 10, 2021.
- 2. The mineral resource estimate is based on a long-term gold price of US\$ 1,700 per ounce and economic cut-off grades of 0.28 g/t Au (OXIDE PIT), 0.49 g/t Au (TRANSITION), 0.66 g/t Au (SULPHIDE OPEN PIT) and 1.90 g/t Au (SULPHIDE UNDERGROUND). Pit constrained resources are reported within an optimized pit shell; underground resources are reported within continuous and contiguous shapes which lie adjacent to and below the ultimate open pit shell and interpreted to be recoverable utilizing standard underground mining methods. NSR cut-offs are based on silver prices of \$20.00 per ounce and copper prices of \$4.00 per pound. The estimate assumes the following metallurgical recoveries that are based on completed test work to date: Oxide 80%, Transition 50%, and Sulphide 84%.
- 3. The estimate assumes the following costs: Mining (Pit) US\$ 2.35/tonne, Mining (Underground) US\$ 60.00 Oxide Processing (Heap Leach) US\$7.40 / t, Transition Processing (Heap Leach) US\$ 7.40/t, Sulphide Processing US\$ 25.00/t ((Leach) and G&A US\$ 2.39/t.
- 4. The pit constrained resource is reported within an optimized pit shell that assumed a maximum slope angle of 45 degrees.
- 5. Open pit mining recovery was assumed to be 100%. Open pit dilution was assumed to be 0%. Underground mining recovery was assumed to be 100%. Underground dilution was assumed to be 0%.
- 6. Micon has not identified any legal, political, environmental or other risks that could materially affect the potential development of the mineral resource estimate.
- 7. The mineral resource estimates are classified according to the CIM Standards which define a Mineral Resource as "a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the earth's crust in such form, grade or quality and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade or quality, continuity and other characteristics of a mineral resource are known, estimated or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge including sampling. Mineral resources are sub-divided, in order of increasing geological confidence, into inferred, indicated and measured categories. An inferred mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than an indicated mineral resource."
- 8. The CIM Standards define a Measured and Indicated Mineral Resource as: "that part of a Mineral Resource for which quantity, grade or quality, densities, shape and physical characteristics are estimated with sufficient confidence to allow the application of Modifying Factors in sufficient detail to support mine planning and evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Geological evidence is derived from adequately detailed and reliable exploration, sampling and testing and is sufficient to assume geological and grade or quality continuity between points of observation."
- 9. The CIM Standards define an Inferred Mineral Resource as: "that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. Geological evidence is sufficient to imply but not verify geological and grade or quality continuity. An inferred mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an indicated mineral resource. It is reasonably expected that the majority of inferred mineral resources could be upgraded to indicated mineral resources with continued exploration."
- 10. All procedures, methodology and key assumptions supporting this mineral resource estimate shall be fully disclosed in a Technical Report that will be available on SEDAR and the Company's website on or about May 31, 2021

The reader is reminded that mineral resources are not mineral reserves and therefore do not have demonstrated economic viability.

### Notes relating to Oxide Mineral Resource Estimate

- 1. The updated Oxide Mineral Resource Estimate is reported using two different cut-off grades: 0.21 g/t Au for the Oxide rock and 0.34 g/t Au for the Transition rock, both cut-offs for an open pit mining scenario. The oxide resources are inclusive of the oxide mineral reserves but are exclusive of the sulphide resources.
- 2. The cut-off grade was calculated using a gold price of US\$1,800 per ounce with Heap Leach metallurgical recoveries of 88% for Oxide rock and 59% for Transition rock, using cost assumptions of US\$2.25/t for mining Oxide rock, US\$2.75/t for mining Transition rock, US\$5.97/t for mineral processing and US\$1.93/t for G&A.
- 3. The resource estimate applies different grade capping thresholds to each of the deposits ranging from 1.0 g/t Au to 10.0 g/t Au applied on 1.0 metre composites.
- 4. The current Oxide Mineral Resource has been updated using a high-precision LiDAR and Total Station topographic survey, all resource supporting data including drillholes, trenches and test pits were projected accordingly to new elevations using this DTM surface.
- 5. The weathering zones of Oxidized cover and Transition (Oxide-Sulphide) were remodelled from scratch using the drill logs provided by Unigold.
- 6. The mineral resources above were modelled using a subblock model with a parent block size of 10 m x 10 m x 5 m and child blocks size of 2 m x 2 m x 1 m and constrained within mineralization wireframes. Gold was estimated by Ordinary Kriging using dynamic anisotropy search. The max range of the variogram models generally are between 50 m x 50 m x 5 m and 80 m x 45 m x 5 m. The interpolation was constrained to selected composites flagged within each domain; Candelones Main (CM) and Candelones Connector (CC) also known as CMC.
- 7. The oxide mineral resources presented here were estimated by Micon International Limited using the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101).
- 8. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, market or other relevant modifying factors.
- 9. The quantity and grade of reported Inferred Resources are uncertain in nature and there has not been sufficient work to define these Inferred Resources as Indicated or Measured Resources. It is reasonably expected that the majority of the Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded to Indicated Mineral Resources with continued exploration.
- 10. Tonnage estimates are based on bulk densities individually measured and were interpolated for each of the weathered zones of Overburden (OB), Oxide (OX) and Transition (TR). Resources are presented as undiluted and in-situ.
- 11. This mineral resource estimate is dated August 08, 2022. The effective date for the drill-hole database used to produce this updated mineral resource estimate is April 13, 2022.
- 12. Tonnages and ounces in the tables are rounded to the nearest thousand. Numbers may not total due to rounding.
- 13. Mr. William J. Lewis, P.Geo. and Mr. Alan J. San Martin, MAusIMM(CP) of Micon, who are qualified persons as defined by NI 43-101 are responsible for the completion of the updated mineral resource estimate.

The reader is reminded that mineral resources are not mineral reserves and therefore do not have demonstrated economic viability.

### Notes relating to Oxide Mineral Reserve Estimate

- 1. The oxide Mineral Reserves Estimates are reported at two different cut-off grades: 0.208 g/t Au for the Oxide and 0.337 g/t Au for the Transition, both for surface mining scenario.
- 2. The cut-off grade was calculated using a gold price of US\$1,650 per ounce, US\$2.74/g for selling costs and royalties, with Heap Leach metallurgical recoveries of 88% for Oxide rock and 59% for Transition rock, using cost assumptions of US\$2.25/t for mining the oxide, US\$2.75/t for mining the transition, US\$5.56/t for mineral processing and US\$1.31/t for G&A.
- 3. The oxide Mineral Reserve above were based on the resource model which used a subblock model with a parent block size of 10 m x 10 m x 5 m and child blocks size of 2 m x 2 m x 1 m and constrained within mineralization wireframes. Gold was estimated by Ordinary Kriging using dynamic anisotropy search. The max range of the variogram models generally are between 50 m x 50 m x 5 m and 80 m x 45 m x5 m. The interpolation was constrained to selected composites flagged within each domain; Candelones Main (CM) and Candelones Connector (CC) also known as CMC.
- 4. The oxide Mineral Reserve presented here were estimated by Micon International Limited using the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101).
- 5. Mineral Reserves have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of Mineral Reserves differs from the Mineral Resources the use of modifying factors such as economical, technical, environmental, permitting, legal, title, market or other relevant modifying factors which demonstrate the economic viability of the mineral deposit. The mineral resources are inclusive of the mineral reserves.
- 6. Inferred resources have been excluded from the current oxide Mineral Reserves estimate.
- 7. Tonnage estimates are based on bulk densities individually measured and were interpolated for each of the weathered zones of Overburden (OB), Oxide (OX) and Transition (TR).
- 8. This oxide Mineral Reserve estimate is dated October 07th, 2022 and is based upon the updated Mineral Resource estimate dated August 8th, 2022.
- 9. Tonnages and ounces in the tables are rounded to the nearest thousand. Numbers may not total due to rounding.
- 10. Mr. Abdoul Aziz Dramé, P.Eng, of Micon International Limited., is a qualified person as defined by NI 43-101 and is responsible for the updated mineral reserves estimate.

## **MANAGEMENT**

### Joseph Hamilton, P. Geo, CFA

## Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer

Joe is a Professional Geologist with over 35 years of experience in mineral exploration, capital markets and mine development. He has been involved in all facets of the mineral development cycle from early-stage generative exploration to resource definition, feasibility studies, environmental permitting, community consultations, project financing, and construction management. Joe has managed base metal and gold projects in North America, Latin America and Africa. He worked as a ranked precious metals analyst in Toronto and has reviewed projects on all continents. In addition to being a Professional Geologist in Ontario, Joe is a Chartered Financial Analyst and a member of the CFA Institute.

### Ramon Tapia

### **Country Director**

Sr. Ramón Tapia is Country Director in the Dominican Republic. Sr. Tapia is a resident of Santo and is responsible for Unigold's operating subsidiaries in the Dominican Republic, for government relations and for permitting. He was previously a partner at Marat Legal, a leading natural resources law firm in Santo Domingo. Mr. Tapia holds a Law degree from PUCMM in Santo Domingo, a Master of Business Administration degree from Barna Management School, diplomas in Conflict Resolution and has been trained in International Commercial Arbitration. Mr. Tapia is a member of the Dominican Republic Bar Association.

### **Donna McLean**

Chief Financial Officer

Donna has over 30 years' experience working with numerous publicly traded and private companies, specializing in the areas of financial reporting, controls and administration. She has served as CFO for several junior mineral exploration companies.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### Joseph Hamilton, P. Geo, CFA

### Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Hamilton is a Professional Geologist with over 35 years of experience in mineral exploration, capital markets and mine development. Mr. Hamilton has been involved in all facets of the mineral development cycle from early stage generative exploration to resource definition, feasibility studies, environmental permitting, community consultations, project financing, and construction management. Mr. Hamilton has managed base metal and gold projects in North America, Latin America and Africa. In addition to being a Professional Geologist in Ontario, Mr. Hamilton is a Chartered Financial Analyst, a member of the CFA Institute and a member of the Institute of Corporate Directors.

### Charles Page, M.Sc., P.Geo.

#### **Lead Director**

In addition to being a Professional Geologist, Mr. Page has acted as senior officer, director and CEO for several publicly traded junior resources companies. Over the past 30 years, Mr. Page has developed, organized and implemented major exploration projects in several mining camps in Canada and in the Republic of Cuba. He is familiar with all aspects of exploration from grass-roots projects to feasibility studies. production and mine closure. His primary geological expertise is in Precambrian gold and base metal, epithermal gold, porphyry copper-gold and disseminated gold deposits. He is also a director of Osisko Gold Royalties Ltd.

### Joseph Del Campo, CPA, CMA

# Director Audit Committee Chairman

Mr. Del Campo holds Chartered Professional Accountant (CPA) and Certified Management Accountant (CMA) designations. He began his career with Falconbridge Limited and spent over 19 years working within the Falconbridge group of companies at progressive financial positions, including Controller and Treasurer of Falconbridge Dominicana, a ferronickel operation in the Dominican Republic; and Falconbridge Gold Corporation, a gold mining company with operating mines in Africa and Timmins, Ontario. Over the past 20 years, Joseph has been a Director and Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of a number of junior exploration companies listed on the TSX and TSX Venture Exchange.

### Steven Haggarty, P.Eng.

### Director

Mr. Haggarty is the Managing Director of **Haggarty Technical Services** Corp., a consulting engineering company providing project, process and risk management services to the mining industry. Prior to forming Haggarty Technical Services, Mr. Haggarty had a lengthy 40 year career with companies including Barrick Gold, Homestake Mining, International Corona and Teck Corporation. His metallurgical background and operational experience includes copper, molybdenum, gold, silver and PGM group metals at mining operations involving copper SX-EW, flotation, heap leaching, pressure oxidation, roasting and CIL recovery plants. Mr. Haggarty is a member of the Professional Engineers of Ontario and the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. He is a graduate of McGill University with a degree in Metallurgical Engineering.

### **Normand Tremblay**

### Director

Mr. Tremblay is the former CEO of United Bottles & Packaging of Laval, Quebec.

### **Jose Arata**

### Director

Sr. Arata is a Geologist and a Founding partner of New Stratus Energy Inc where he is Executive Chairman and CEO. Stratus is a Canadian listed company investing and operating upstream projects in the oil sector, focused in oil production fields in Columbia, Peru and Ecuador. He is a resident of the Dominican Republic.

### Osvaldo Oller

#### Director

Mr. Oller is the Vice Chairman of Domicem S.A., a state-of-the-art cement company operating in the Dominican Republic and the Caribbean. Mr. Oller sits on the Board of Directors of ENADOM, which built and operates the Eastern Gas Pipeline in the Dominican Republic. Sr. Oller is also a Board member and Partner in ENERGAS, a leading electricity generator and supplier in the Dominican Republic. Mr. Oller is a graduate of Louisiana State University with a degree in Chemical Engineering.



## TSX.V: UGD unigoldinc.com



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